Tintometer[®] Group Water Testing

Safety data sheet

according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 08.08.2018

Version number 39

Revision: 30.07.2018

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Product name: Cal-Test
- · Catalog number: 00515581, (4)515580(BT), (4)515581(BT), 515583, 00515589
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Reagent for water analysis
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Supplier: Tintometer GmbH Schleefstraße 8-12 44287 Dortmund Made in Germany www.lovibond.com

Tintometer GmbH Division AQUALYTIC® Schleefstr. 12 44287 Dortmund Made in Germany www.aqualytic.de

The Tintometer Limited Lovibond[®] House Sun Rise Way Amesbury Wiltshire SP4 7GR United Kingdom

- · Informing department: e-mail: sds@tintometer.de Product Safety Department
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number: +44 1235 239670 Languages: English

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

· 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS05 corrosion

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

· 2.2 Label elements

· Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

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Product name: Cal-Test

· Hazard pictograms



- · Signal word Danger
- \cdot Hazard-determining components of labelling:
- lithium hydroxide • Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

• 2.3 Other hazards No further relevant information available.

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- **Description:** Mixture of organic and inorganic compounds

· Dangerous components:

EINECS: 215-183-4

CAS: 1310-65-2 lithium hydroxide

♦ Acute Tox. 3, H301; ♦ Skin Corr. 1A, H314 10-20%

· Additional information For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · General information Instantly remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- After inhalation Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.
- After skin contact
- Instantly rinse with water.

Immediate medical treatment necessary. Failure to treat burns can prevent wounds from healing.

· After eye contact

Rinse opened eye for several minutes (at least 15 min) under running water.

Call a doctor immediately. • After swallowing

Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-2 glasses of water.

Do not induce vomiting; instantly call for medical help.

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

burns after inhalation: coughing breathing difficulty damage to the affected mucous membranes possible after swallowing: strong caustic effect. absorption after absorption of large amounts: CNS disorders ataxia (impaired locomotor coordination)

^{· 4.1} Description of first aid measures

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cramps disorder of electrolyte balance

Danger

Danger of system failure. Danger of gastric perforation.

• 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs

Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

· 5.1 Extinguishing media

· Suitable extinguishing agents Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.

· For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents

Water.

--> Aqueous solution reacts strongly alkaline.

If possible use dry extinguishing agents.

· 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

mixture with combustible ingredients

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

Can be released in case of fire:

LiOx

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

 Protective equipment: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective suit.

Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

· Advice for non-emergency personnel:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid substance contact.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

Keep away from ignition sources

- · Advice for emergency responders: Protective equipment: see section 8
- · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
- Ensure adequate ventilation. Collect mechanically.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for information on disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling
- · Advice on safe handling: No special precautions necessary if used correctly.
- · Hygiene measures:
- Do not inhale dust / smoke / mist.
- Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work.

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Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Storage
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers: Store in cool location.
- · Information about storage in one common storage facility:
- Store away from oxidising agents. Do not store together with acids.
- · Further information about storage conditions:
- Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers.
- Protect from heat and direct sunlight.
- Protect from the effects of light.
- Store under dry conditions.
- Protect from humidity and keep away from water.
- This product is hygroscopic.
- Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

· Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:			
CAS: 9004-34-6 cellulose			
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 20* mg/m ³ Long-term value: 10* 4** mg/m ³ *inhalable dust **respirable		
CAS: 1310-65-2 lithium hydroxide			
WEL (Great Britain)	Short-term value: 1 mg/m ³		
OEL (Sweden)	Short-term value: 0.02 mg/m³ som Li; inhalerbart damm		
· Regulatory information			

WEL (Great Britain): EH40/2011

- OEL (Sweden): AFS2011:18
- · Recommended monitoring procedures:

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms DIN EN 482 and **DIN EN 689.**

· Additional information: The lists that were valid during the compilation were used as basis.

· 8.2 Exposure controls

· Engineering measures:

Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. See item 7.

· Personal protective equipment

- · Breathing equipment: Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
- · Recommended filter device for short term use: Filter P2
- · Protection of hands:

Alkaline resistant gloves

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

- · Material of gloves nitrile rubber, NBR
- Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.11 mm · Penetration time of glove material
- Value for the permeation: Level = 1 (< 10 min)
- The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.
- · Eve protection: Tightly sealed safety glasses.
- · Body protection: Alkaline resistant protective clothing

· Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties				
· 9.1 Information on basic physical and	chemical properties			
Appearance: Form / Physical state:	Tablets			
Colour:	Beige			
 Odour: Odour threshold: 	Odourless Not applicable			
· pH-value (1.7 g/l) at 20°C:	11.9			
 Melting point/Freezing point: Initial boiling point and boiling range: 	Not determined Not determined			
· Flash point:	Not determined			
· Flammability (solid, gas):	The product is not combustible.			
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.			
· Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not self-igniting.			
· Explosive properties:	The product is not capable of dust explosion in the form supplied; enrichment with fine dust causes risk of dust explosion			
 Flammability or explosive limits: Lower: 				
Lower: Upper:	Not determined. Not determined.			
· Oxidising properties:	none			
· Vapour pressure:	Not applicable.			
• Density at 20°C:	1.58 g/cm ³			
Relative density: Vapour density:	Not determined. Not applicable.			
· Evaporation rate:	Not applicable.			
· Solubility(ies):				
Water:	Partly soluble			
· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not applicable.			
· Viscosity:	Not applicable.			
Solvent content:				
Organic solvents:	0.0 %			
Solids content:	100.0 %			
· 9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.			

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

• 10.1 Reactivity Dust can combine with air to form an explosive mixture.

· 10.2 Chemical stability Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature).

- · 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Aqueous solution reacts alkaline.
- Aqueous solution reacts with metals.
- Corrodes aluminium

Reacts with light alloys in the presence of moisture to form hydrogen

- Reacts with acids
- Reacts with strong oxidizing agents --> forms heat
- **10.4 Conditions to avoid** Exposure to moisture. Strong heating (decomposition)
- 10.5 Incompatible materials:
- aluminium, copper, zinc, metal ions organic substances

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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

· Acute toxicitv

Classification according to calculation procedure:

Harmful if swallowed.

· Acute toxicity estimate (ATE_{MIX}) - Calculation method:

Oral CLP ATE(MIX) 1641 mg/kg (.)

· LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

CAS: 1310-65-2 lithium hydroxide

- Oral LD50 210 mg/kg (rat) (RTECS) LC50. >3.4 mg/l/4h (rat)
 - (Registrant, ECHA: no mortality at this concentration)
- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation
- Causes serious eye damage. **Risk of blindness!**
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction) The following statements refer to the mixture:
- · Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Additional toxicological information:

The following applies to lithium compounds in general:

after absorption: CNS disorders, ataxia (impaired locomotor coordination) due to disturbed electrolyte balance Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach. · Experience with humans:

- CAS 1310-65-2: Can cause liver damages.
- CAS 1310-65-2: Can cause kidney damages.
- CAS 1310-65-2: May cause lung damages.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · Other information:
- The following applies for lithium compounds in general:
- fish toxic from 100 mg/l, Daphnia toxic from 16 mg/l, plants toxic from 0,2 mg/l
- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects
- Harmful effect due to pH shift.
- Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted.
- Avoid transfer into the environment.
- Water hazard:
- Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system.

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Danger to drinking water if even small quantities leak into soil.

Rinse off of bigger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to increased pH-values. A high pH-value harms aquatic organisms.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste.

· European waste catalogue

16 05 06* laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals

· Uncleaned packagings:

· Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

• Recommended cleaning agent: Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

SECTION 14: Transport information	
· 14.1 UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN2680
 · 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR · IMDG, IATA 	2680 LITHIUM HYDROXIDE mixture LITHIUM HYDROXIDE mixture
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR	
· Class · Label	8 (C6) Corrosive substances. 8
· IMDG, IATA	
· Class · Label	8 Corrosive substances. 8
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	11
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
 14.6 Special precautions for user Kemler Number: EMS Number: Segregation groups Stowage Category Segregation Code 	Warning: Corrosive substances. 80 F-A,S-B Alkalis A SG35 Stow "separated from" acids.
 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol ar the IBC Code 	nd Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR · Limited quantities (LQ)	1 kg
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Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 g Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 g
2
E
1 kg
Code: E2
Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 g
Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 g

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

· Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

· Information about limitation of use: Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Training hints Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

STOT: specific target organ toxicity

SE: single exposure RE: repeated exposure

EC50: half maximal effective concentration

IC50: hallf maximal inhibitory concentration

NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity - Category 3

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4 Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Sources

Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature. ECHA: European CHemicals Agency http://echa.europa.eu RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

· * Data compared to the previous version altered.

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